April 27, 2005

Mr. Robert E. Hager Nichols, Jackson, Dillard, Hager & Smith, L.L.P. 500 North Akard, Suite1800 Dallas, Texas 75201

OR2005-03611

## Dear Mr. Hager:

You ask whether certain information is subject to required public disclosure under the Public Information Act (the "Act"), chapter 552 of the Government Code. Your request was assigned ID# 222773.

The Rowlett Police Department (the "department"), which you represent, received a request for the personnel files of three named police officers. You claim that the requested information is excepted from disclosure pursuant to sections 552.101 and 552.103 of the Government Code. We have considered the exceptions you claim and reviewed the submitted information.

## Section 552.103 provides as follows:

- (a) Information is excepted from [required public disclosure] if it is information relating to litigation of a civil or criminal nature to which the state or a political subdivision is or may be a party or to which an officer or employee of the state or a political subdivision, as a consequence of the person's office or employment, is or may be a party.
- (c) Information relating to litigation involving a governmental body or an officer or employee of a governmental body is excepted from disclosure under Subsection (a) only if the litigation is pending or reasonably anticipated

on the date that the requestor applies to the officer for public information for access to or duplication of the information.

Gov't Code § 552.103. A governmental body has the burden of providing relevant facts and documents to show that the section 552.103(a) exception is applicable in a particular situation. The test for meeting this burden is a showing that (1) litigation is pending or reasonably anticipated on the date the governmental body received the request for information, and (2) the information at issue is related to that litigation. *Univ. of Tex. Law Sch. v. Tex. Legal Found.*, 958 S.W.2d 479, 481 (Tex. App.—Austin 1997, no pet.); *Heard v. Houston Post Co.*, 684 S.W.2d 210, 212 (Tex. App.—Houston [1st Dist.] 1984, writ ref'd n.r.e.); Open Records Decision No. 551 at 4 (1990).

Upon review, you have not established that section 552.103(a) is applicable in this instance. Although you state that the requestor has filed an "Order on Motion to Preserve Evidence in the matter of State of Texas v. Deborah A. Morgan[,]" you have not demonstrated that the department is a party to this litigation or that the requested information is related to the pending litigation. Accordingly, no information may be withheld under section 552.103.

Section 552.101 of the Government Code excepts from disclosure "information considered to be confidential by law, either constitutional, statutory, or by judicial decision." Gov't Code § 552.101. This section encompasses information other statutes make confidential. The submitted information contains information the release of which is governed by chapter 611 of the Health and Safety Code. Section 611.002 of the Health and Safety Code applies to "[c]ommunications between a patient and a professional, [and] records of the identity, diagnosis, evaluation, or treatment of a patient that are created or maintained by a professional." Health and Safety Code § 611.002(a); see also Health and Safety Code § 611.001 (defining "patient" and "professional"). Sections 611.004 and 611.0045 provide for access to mental health records only by certain individuals. See Open Records Decision No. 565 (1990). The submitted information contains mental health record information, which we have marked, that is confidential under section 611.002 and may only be released in accordance with sections 611.004 and 611.0045 of the Health and Safety Code.

Section 1703.306 of the Occupations Code, which is also encompassed by section 552.101, provides as follows:

- (a) A polygraph examiner, trainee, or employee of a polygraph examiner, or a person for whom a polygraph examination is conducted or an employee of the person, may not disclose information acquired from a polygraph examination to another person other than:
  - (1) the examinee or any other person specifically designated in writing by the examinee;

- (2) the person that requested the examination;
- (3) a member, or the member's agent, of a governmental agency that licenses a polygraph examiner or supervises or controls a polygraph examiner's activities;
- (4) another polygraph examiner in private consultation; or
- (5) any other person required by due process of law.

Occ. Code § 1703.306. We note that the submitted documents contain information that was acquired from a polygraph examination. It does not appear that any of the exceptions in section 1703.306 apply in this instance. See Open Records Decision 565 (1990) (construing predecessor statute). Accordingly, we conclude that the department must withhold the information we have marked pursuant to section 552.101 of the Government Code in conjunction with section 1703.306 of the Occupations Code.

We also note that a portion of the submitted information is confidential pursuant to section 552.101 in conjunction with section 1701.306 of the Occupations Code. Section 1701.306 of the Occupations Code governs certain declarations of medical condition and of psychological and emotional health and provides:

- (a) The commission may not issue a license to a person as an officer or county jailer unless the person is examined by:
  - (1) a licensed psychologist or by a psychiatrist who declares in writing that the person is in satisfactory psychological and emotional health to serve as the type of officer for which a license is sought; and
  - (2) a licensed physician who declares in writing that the person does not show any trace of drug dependency or illegal drug use after a physical examination, blood test, or other medical test.
- (b) An agency hiring a person for whom a license as an officer or county jailer is sought shall select the examining physician and the examining psychologist or psychiatrist. The agency shall prepare a report of each declaration required by Subsection (a) and shall maintain a copy of the report on file in a format readily accessible to the commission. A declaration is not public information.

Occ. Code § 1701.306 (emphasis added). Thus, the information we have marked must be withheld under section 552.101 in conjunction with section 1701.306 of the Occupations Code.

The submitted information also contains fingerprint information. Chapter 560 of the Government Code provides that a governmental body may not release fingerprint information except in certain limited circumstances. See Gov't Code §§ 560.001 (defining "biometric identifier" to include fingerprints), .002 (prescribing manner in which biometric identifiers must be maintained and circumstances in which they can be released), .003 (providing that biometric identifiers in possession of governmental body are exempt from disclosure under Act). You do not inform us and the submitted information does not indicate that section 560.002 permits the disclosure of the submitted fingerprint information. Therefore, the department must withhold this information, which we have marked, under section 552.101 in conjunction with section 560.003 of the Government Code.

You claim that the remaining submitted information is confidential under common law privacy, which is also encompassed by section 552.101. Common law privacy protects information if (1) the information contains highly intimate or embarrassing facts, the publication of which would be highly objectionable to a reasonable person, and (2) the information is not of legitimate concern to the public. Indus. Found. v. Tex. Indus. Accident Bd., 540 S.W.2d 668, 685 (Tex. 1976). The type of information considered intimate and embarrassing by the Texas Supreme Court in Industrial Foundation included information relating to sexual assault, pregnancy, mental or physical abuse in the workplace, illegitimate children, psychiatric treatment of mental disorders, attempted suicide, and injuries to sexual organs. Id. at 683. In addition, this office has found that the following types of information are excepted from required public disclosure under common law privacy: personal financial information not relating to a financial transaction between an individual and a governmental body, see Open Records Decision Nos. 600 (1992), 545 (1990); some kinds of medical information or information indicating disabilities or specific illnesses, see Open Records Decision Nos. 470 (1987) (illness from severe emotional and job-related stress), 455 (1987) (prescription drugs, illnesses, operations, and physical handicaps); and identities of victims of sexual abuse, see Open Records Decision Nos. 440 (1986), 393 (1983), 339 (1982). The submitted documents contain information that is protected by common law privacy. The department must withhold this information, which we have marked, pursuant to section 552.101 of the Government Code.

We note that portions of the remaining submitted information are subject to section 552.117 of the Government Code. Section 552.117(a)(2) excepts from disclosure "information that relates to the home address, home telephone number, or social security number" of a peace officer, or that reveals whether the peace officer has family members, regardless of

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The Office of the Attorney General will raise mandatory exceptions like sections 552.117 and 552.130 on behalf of a governmental body, but ordinarily will not raise other exceptions. Open Records Decision Nos. 481 (1987), 480 (1987), 470 (1987).

whether the officer complies with section 552.024 or section 552.1175.<sup>2</sup> See Gov't Code § 552.117(a)(2). We note that a post office box number is not a "home address" for purposes of section 552.117.<sup>3</sup> Accordingly, we conclude that the department must withhold the information that we have marked concerning the peace officers who are the subject of this request pursuant to section 552.117(a)(2).

The remaining submitted information also includes social security numbers of members of the public that are outside the scope of section 552.117. A social security number is confidential under section 552.101 in conjunction with 1990 amendments to the federal Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. § 405(c)(2)(C)(viii)(I), if a governmental body obtained or maintains the social security number under any provision of law enacted on or after October 1, 1990. See Open Records Decision No. 622 at 2-4 (1994). We have no basis for concluding that the social security numbers at issue are confidential under section 405(c)(2)(C)(viii)(I) and therefore excepted from public disclosure under section 552.101 on the basis of that federal provision. We caution, however, that section 552.352 of the Act imposes criminal penalties for the release of confidential information. Therefore, before releasing any social security numbers, the department should ensure that these numbers were not obtained or are not maintained by the department pursuant to any provision of law enacted on or after October 1, 1990.

Finally, the remaining submitted information contains information that is subject to section 552.130 of the Government Code. This section provides in relevant part:

- (a) Information is excepted from the requirements of Section 552.021 if the information relates to:
  - (1) a motor vehicle operator's or driver's license or permit issued by an agency of this state;
  - (2) a motor vehicle title or registration issued by an agency of this state; or
  - (3) a personal identification document issued by an agency of this state or a local agency authorized to issue an identification document.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Section 552.117(a)(2) applies to peace officers as defined by article 2.12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure. *See* Crim. Proc. Code art. 2.12.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> See Gov't Code § 552.117; Open Records Decision No. 622 at 4 (1994) (legislative history makes clear that purpose of section 552.117 is to protect public employees from being harassed at home).

Gov't Code § 552.130. We note, however, that an out-of-state driver's license is not excepted from disclosure under section 552.130. Therefore, the department must withhold the information we have marked pursuant to section 552.130.

In summary, we conclude that the department must withhold the following information under section 552.101 of the Government Code: 1) the mental health record information in conjunction with section 611.002 of the Health and Safety Code; 2) the polygraph information pursuant to section 1703.306 of the Occupations Code; 3) the declarations of medical condition and of psychological and emotional health in conjunction with section 1701.306 of the Occupations Code; 4) the fingerprint information pursuant to section 560.003; and 5) the information we have marked under common law privacy. Social security numbers contained within the submitted information may be confidential under federal law. Additionally, we conclude that the department must withhold the information we have marked under sections 552.117(a)(2) and 552.130 of the Government Code. All remaining information must be released to the requestor.

This letter ruling is limited to the particular records at issue in this request and limited to the facts as presented to us; therefore, this ruling must not be relied upon as a previous determination regarding any other records or any other circumstances.

This ruling triggers important deadlines regarding the rights and responsibilities of the governmental body and of the requestor. For example, governmental bodies are prohibited from asking the attorney general to reconsider this ruling. Gov't Code § 552.301(f). If the governmental body wants to challenge this ruling, the governmental body must appeal by filing suit in Travis County within 30 calendar days. *Id.* § 552.324(b). In order to get the full benefit of such an appeal, the governmental body must file suit within 10 calendar days. *Id.* § 552.353(b)(3), ©). If the governmental body does not appeal this ruling and the governmental body does not comply with it, then both the requestor and the attorney general have the right to file suit against the governmental body to enforce this ruling. *Id.* § 552.321(a).

If this ruling requires the governmental body to release all or part of the requested information, the governmental body is responsible for taking the next step. Based on the statute, the attorney general expects that, upon receiving this ruling, the governmental body will either release the public records promptly pursuant to section 552.221(a) of the Government Code or file a lawsuit challenging this ruling pursuant to section 552.324 of the Government Code. If the governmental body fails to do one of these things, then the requestor should report that failure to the attorney general's Open Government Hotline, toll free, at (877) 673-6839. The requestor may also file a complaint with the district or county attorney. *Id.* § 552.3215(e).

If this ruling requires or permits the governmental body to withhold all or some of the requested information, the requestor can appeal that decision by suing the governmental

body. Id. § 552.321(a); Tex. Dep't of Pub. Safety v. Gilbreath, 842 S.W.2d 408, 411 (Tex. App.—Austin 1992, no writ).

Please remember that under the Act the release of information triggers certain procedures for costs and charges to the requestor. If records are released in compliance with this ruling, be sure that all charges for the information are at or below the legal amounts. Questions or complaints about over-charging must be directed to Hadassah Schloss at the Texas Building and Procurement Commission at (512) 475-2497.

If the governmental body, the requestor, or any other person has questions or comments about this ruling, they may contact our office. We note that a third party may challenge this ruling by filing suit seeking to withhold information from a requestor. Gov't Code § 552.325. Although there is no statutory deadline for contacting us, the attorney general prefers to receive any comments within 10 calendar days of the date of this ruling.

Sincerely,

Debbie K. Lee

Assistant Attorney General Open Records Division

DKL/seg

Ref: ID# 222773

Enc. Submitted documents

c: Mr. David Finn Milner & Finn

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